



## NEWS RELEASE



For Release: Wednesday, December 31, 2014

14-2330-KAN

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### County Employment and Wages in Kansas – Second Quarter 2014

Employment rose in the four largest counties in Kansas from June 2013 to June 2014, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) reported today. (Large counties are defined as those with employment of 75,000 or more as measured by 2013 annual average employment.) Regional Commissioner Stanley W. Suchman noted that Wyandotte County experienced the fastest growth, up 4.4 percent over the year, and exceeded the national average of 2.0 percent.

Nationally, employment increased in 305 of the 339 largest U.S. counties from June 2013 to June 2014. Weld, Colo., posted the largest increase with a gain of 8.9 percent over the year. Atlantic, N.J., had the largest over-the-year decrease in employment with a loss of 1.6 percent.

Among the four largest counties in Kansas, employment was highest in Johnson County (331,400) and lowest in Wyandotte (88,000). Together, the four largest counties accounted for 55.5 percent of total employment within the state. Nationwide, the 339 large counties made up 71.8 percent of total U.S. employment.

Two of Kansas's four large counties experienced wage growth that exceeded the 2.1-percent increase for the nation. Wyandotte and Johnson Counties recorded wage growth of 4.3 and 3.0 percent, respectively. Johnson County had the highest average weekly wage among the largest counties in the state at \$976 and was above the national average of \$940. (See [table 1](#).)

Employment and wage levels (but not over-the-year changes) are also available for the 101 counties in Kansas with employment below 75,000. Of these smaller counties, only Coffey (\$1,254) had an average weekly wage above the national average. (See [table 2](#).)

#### Large county wage changes

As mentioned, Wyandotte County had the largest wage gain at 4.3 percent, placing it 19<sup>th</sup> in the national ranking, followed by Johnson at 3.0 percent and ranking 58<sup>th</sup>. (See [table 1](#).) Average wages in Shawnee County rose 0.6 percent and placed 281<sup>st</sup>. Sedgwick had a decline in average weekly wages with a loss of 0.8 percent, ranking 331<sup>st</sup>.

Among the 339 largest counties in the U.S., 312 had over-the-year increases in average weekly wages in

the second quarter of 2014. Midland, Texas, ranked first in average weekly wage growth with an increase of 9.0 percent. Williamson, Texas, had the largest percentage decrease in average weekly wages, with a loss of 2.7 percent.

### **Large county average weekly wages**

Only one of Kansas's four large counties had average weekly wages above the national average of \$940 and placed in the top 100 nationwide in the second quarter of 2014. Johnson County had an average weekly wage of \$976 and ranked 82<sup>nd</sup> among the 339 largest counties. Wyandotte recorded an average weekly wage of \$872 and placed 166<sup>th</sup> in the national ranking. The state's remaining large counties, Sedgwick (\$836,195<sup>th</sup>) and Shawnee (\$791, 253<sup>rd</sup>), had average weekly wages that placed them in the bottom half of the national ranking.

Nationally, weekly wages were higher than the average of \$940 in 109 of the 339 largest U.S. counties. Santa Clara, Calif., held the top position among the highest-paid large counties with an average weekly wage of \$1,886, followed by San Mateo, Calif. (\$1,740) and New York, N.Y. (\$1,732). Among the 230 large counties with an average weekly wage below the U.S. average in the second quarter of 2014, Horry, S.C. (\$548) reported the lowest wage.

### **Average weekly wages in Kansas's smaller counties**

Of the 101 counties in Kansas with employment below 75,000, only one county—Coffey (\$1,254)—had an average weekly wage above the national average of \$940. Elk County reported the lowest weekly wage in the state with an average of \$468 in the second quarter of 2014. (See [table 2.](#))

When all 105 counties in Kansas were considered, all but 2 had wages below the national average. Thirty-five reported average weekly wages under \$600, 33 reported wages from \$600 to \$649, 22 had wages from \$650 to \$699, 6 had wages from \$700 to \$749, and 9 had wages above \$750. (See [chart 1.](#))

### **Additional statistics and other information**

Quarterly data for states have been included in this release in [table 3](#). For additional information about quarterly employment and wages data, please read the Technical Note or visit the QCEW Web site at [www.bls.gov/cew/](http://www.bls.gov/cew/).

*Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online* features comprehensive information by detailed industry on establishments, employment, and wages for the nation and all states. The 2013 edition of this publication contains selected data produced by Business Employment Dynamics (BED) on job gains and losses, as well as selected data from the first quarter 2014 version of the national news release. Tables and additional content from *Employment and Wages Annual Averages 2013* are now available online at [www.bls.gov/cew/cewbultn13.htm](http://www.bls.gov/cew/cewbultn13.htm). The 2014 edition of *Employment and Wages Annual Averages Online* will be available in September 2015.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: 1 (800) 877-8339.

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**The County Employment and Wages release for third quarter 2014 is scheduled to be released on Thursday, March 19, 2015.**

### **Technical Note**

Average weekly wage data by county are compiled under the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) program, also known as the ES-202 program. The data are derived from summaries of employment and total pay of workers covered by state and federal unemployment insurance (UI) legislation and provided by State Workforce Agencies (SWAs). The 9.4 million employer reports cover 137.8 million full- and part-time workers. The average weekly wage values are calculated by dividing quarterly total wages by the average of the three monthly employment levels of those covered by UI programs. The result is then divided by 13, the number of weeks in a quarter. It is to be noted, therefore, that over-the-year wage changes for geographic areas may reflect shifts in the composition of employment by industry, occupation, and such other factors as hours of work. Thus, wages may vary among counties, metropolitan areas, or states for reasons other than changes in the average wage level. Data for all states, Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), counties, and the nation are available on the BLS Web site at [www.bls.gov/cew/](http://www.bls.gov/cew/); however, data in QCEW press releases have been revised and may not match the data contained on the Bureau's Web site.

QCEW data are not designed as a time series. QCEW data are simply the sums of individual establishment records reflecting the number of establishments that exist in a county or industry at a point in time. Establishments can move in or out of a county or industry for a number of reasons—some reflecting economic events, others reflecting administrative changes.

The preliminary QCEW data presented in this release may differ from data released by the individual states as well as from the data presented on the BLS Web site. These potential differences result from the states' continuing receipt, review and editing of UI data over time. On the other hand, differences between data in this release and the data found on the BLS Web site are the result of adjustments made to improve over-the-year comparisons. Specifically, these adjustments account for administrative (noneconomic) changes such as a correction to a previously reported location or industry classification. Adjusting for these administrative changes allows users to more accurately assess changes of an economic nature (such as a firm moving from one county to another or changing its primary economic activity) over a 12-month period. Currently, adjusted data are available only from BLS press releases.

**Table 1. Covered employment and wages in the United States and the 4 largest counties in Kansas, second quarter 2014**

Area	Employment			Average Weekly Wage <sup>(1)</sup>			
	June 2014 (thousands)	Percent change, June 2013-14 <sup>(2)</sup>	National ranking by percent change <sup>(3)</sup>	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level <sup>(3)</sup>	Percent change, second quarter 2013-14 <sup>(2)</sup>	National ranking by percent change <sup>(3)</sup>
United States <sup>(4)</sup> .....	137,776.4	2.0	--	\$940	--	2.1	--
Kansas.....	1,372.8	1.7	--	797	38	2.3	20
Johnson, Kan. ....	331.4	2.8	78	976	82	3.0	58
Sedgwick, Kan. ....	245.5	1.2	222	836	195	-0.8	331
Shawnee, Kan.....	97.3	2.5	102	791	253	0.6	281
Wyandotte, Kan.....	88.0	4.4	22	872	166	4.3	19

<sup>(1)</sup> Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

<sup>(2)</sup> Percent changes were computed from quarterly employment and pay data adjusted for noneconomic county reclassifications.

<sup>(3)</sup> Ranking does not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

<sup>(4)</sup> Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

**Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Kansas, 2nd quarter 2014**

Area	Employment June 2014	Average Weekly Wage <sup>(1)</sup>
United States <sup>(2)</sup> .....	137,776,364	\$940
Kansas.....	1,372,757	797
Allen .....	6,083	595
Anderson.....	2,127	570
Atchison .....	6,014	665
Barber .....	1,871	590
Barton .....	13,768	715
Bourbon .....	6,336	612
Brown.....	5,140	639
Butler.....	18,831	636
Chase.....	739	483
Chautauqua .....	808	525
Cherokee .....	5,861	665
Cheyenne.....	893	576
Clark.....	768	615
Clay.....	3,267	543
Cloud.....	3,695	522
Coffey.....	4,430	1,254
Comanche.....	709	479
Cowley .....	14,484	651
Crawford .....	16,953	585
Decatur .....	985	484
Dickinson .....	6,965	567
Doniphan.....	2,243	624
Douglas .....	46,816	672
Edwards .....	1,038	644
Elk .....	666	468
Ellis .....	16,099	680
Ellsworth .....	3,001	697
Finney .....	18,918	682
Ford.....	17,776	647
Franklin .....	9,361	652
Geary .....	13,552	731
Gove .....	1,263	535
Graham .....	982	667
Grant.....	3,466	763
Gray .....	3,280	608
Greeley .....	679	567
Greenwood .....	1,808	561
Hamilton .....	1,291	638

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Kansas, 2nd quarter 2014 - Continued**

Area	Employment June 2014	Average Weekly Wage <sup>(1)</sup>
Harper .....	2,516	624
Harvey.....	13,935	677
Haskell .....	1,970	657
Hodgeman .....	557	564
Jackson .....	4,348	609
Jefferson .....	3,984	666
Jewell .....	798	530
Johnson .....	331,359	976
Kearny.....	1,396	602
Kingman .....	2,741	645
Kiowa .....	1,148	566
Labette .....	9,401	616
Lane .....	711	640
Leavenworth .....	20,880	809
Lincoln.....	962	524
Linn .....	2,232	742
Logan .....	1,379	558
Lyon .....	14,432	596
Mcpherson .....	15,066	765
Marion .....	3,652	551
Marshall .....	4,895	671
Meade .....	1,679	688
Miami .....	8,195	624
Mitchell.....	3,499	626
Montgomery .....	16,525	660
Morris .....	1,526	550
Morton .....	1,065	671
Nemaha .....	5,486	741
Neosho.....	6,399	642
Ness .....	1,391	738
Norton .....	2,726	641
Osage .....	3,031	480
Osborne .....	1,418	535
Ottawa.....	1,404	534
Pawnee .....	3,370	630
Phillips.....	2,630	614
Pottawatomie .....	9,498	718
Pratt .....	5,026	681
Rawlins .....	916	595
Reno .....	27,797	636

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 2. Covered employment and wages in the United States and all counties in Kansas, 2nd quarter 2014 - Continued**

Area	Employment June 2014	Average Weekly Wage <sup>(1)</sup>
Republic .....	2,037	498
Rice .....	3,999	628
Riley .....	29,524	674
Rooks .....	2,109	625
Rush .....	1,185	619
Russell .....	2,986	642
Saline .....	30,165	659
Scott .....	2,243	663
Sedgwick .....	245,537	836
Seward .....	12,294	686
Shawnee .....	97,253	791
Sheridan .....	1,017	625
Sherman .....	2,598	542
Smith .....	1,387	512
Stafford .....	1,404	515
Stanton .....	752	663
Stevens .....	2,458	844
Sumner .....	7,260	618
Thomas .....	4,100	610
Trego .....	1,338	630
Wabaunsee .....	1,390	526
Wallace .....	539	643
Washington .....	2,074	474
Wichita .....	819	630
Wilson .....	3,700	642
Woodson .....	693	499
Wyandotte .....	87,998	872

<sup>(1)</sup> Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

<sup>(2)</sup> Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

NOTE: Includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs. Data are preliminary.

**Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, second quarter 2014**

State	Employment		Average weekly wage <sup>(1)</sup>			
	June 2014 (thousands)	Percent change, June 2013-14	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, second quarter 2013-14	National ranking by percent change
United States <sup>(2)</sup> .....	137,776.4	2.0	\$940	--	2.1	--
Alabama .....	1,872.9	0.7	806	36	1.6	38
Alaska .....	344.9	0.5	1,014	8	4.6	2
Arizona .....	2,486.0	1.9	888	21	1.3	43
Arkansas .....	1,168.1	1.5	745	47	1.5	41
California .....	15,905.6	2.8	1,072	6	2.4	15
Colorado .....	2,439.3	3.4	960	14	2.9	8
Connecticut .....	1,676.6	0.6	1,155	3	2.5	13
Delaware .....	429.0	2.5	976	11	1.2	44
District of Columbia .....	732.6	1.0	1,569	1	-0.5	51
Florida .....	7,628.6	3.1	839	28	2.1	23
Georgia .....	4,036.3	3.1	882	22	1.7	35
Hawaii .....	624.6	1.1	845	26	2.7	10
Idaho .....	659.2	2.5	697	51	2.2	22
Illinois .....	5,836.9	1.5	988	10	1.9	32
Indiana .....	2,916.9	1.8	784	42	1.2	44
Iowa .....	1,547.8	1.6	780	43	3.0	7
Kansas .....	1,372.8	1.7	797	38	2.3	20
Kentucky .....	1,820.8	1.7	798	37	2.0	27
Louisiana .....	1,921.6	1.4	843	27	2.4	15
Maine .....	610.4	0.8	746	46	2.1	23
Maryland .....	2,594.4	0.9	1,020	7	1.6	38
Massachusetts .....	3,407.0	1.4	1,158	2	2.4	15
Michigan .....	4,164.7	2.3	897	20	2.3	20
Minnesota .....	2,782.0	1.3	947	16	1.9	32
Mississippi .....	1,101.1	0.5	705	50	2.0	27
Missouri .....	2,703.2	1.3	818	31	1.9	32
Montana .....	453.4	1.1	734	48	2.4	15
Nebraska .....	956.2	1.4	756	45	2.7	10
Nevada .....	1,210.1	3.4	833	30	0.6	50
New Hampshire .....	637.2	1.2	955	15	4.3	3
New Jersey .....	3,944.8	0.8	1,097	5	1.2	44
New Mexico .....	801.0	0.6	794	40	1.7	35
New York .....	8,965.2	1.8	1,146	4	2.4	15
North Carolina .....	4,080.7	2.4	818	31	1.2	44
North Dakota .....	453.0	4.4	936	17	5.5	1
Ohio .....	5,233.8	1.4	846	25	2.1	23
Oklahoma .....	1,578.0	1.0	816	33	2.6	12
Oregon .....	1,748.4	2.4	874	23	2.9	8

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 3. Covered employment and wages by state, second quarter 2014 - Continued**

State	Employment		Average weekly wage <sup>(1)</sup>			
	June 2014 (thousands)	Percent change, June 2013-14	Average weekly wage	National ranking by level	Percent change, second quarter 2013-14	National ranking by percent change
Pennsylvania.....	5,719.8	1.0	933	18	1.6	38
Rhode Island.....	472.9	1.6	898	19	2.0	27
South Carolina.....	1,916.4	2.7	765	44	2.5	13
South Dakota.....	422.9	1.4	712	49	3.3	4
Tennessee.....	2,755.7	1.8	836	29	2.0	27
Texas.....	11,402.8	3.0	973	13	3.1	5
Utah.....	1,297.5	2.9	796	39	1.7	35
Vermont.....	307.0	1.0	813	35	0.7	49
Virginia.....	3,710.8	0.7	976	11	0.8	48
Washington.....	3,109.6	3.2	990	9	2.1	23
West Virginia.....	711.3	-0.3	792	41	1.4	42
Wisconsin.....	2,809.1	1.3	816	33	2.0	27
Wyoming.....	295.3	1.6	871	24	3.1	5
Puerto Rico.....	897.0	-2.0	504	(3)	0.6	(3)
Virgin Islands.....	37.8	-2.2	728	(3)	2.8	(3)

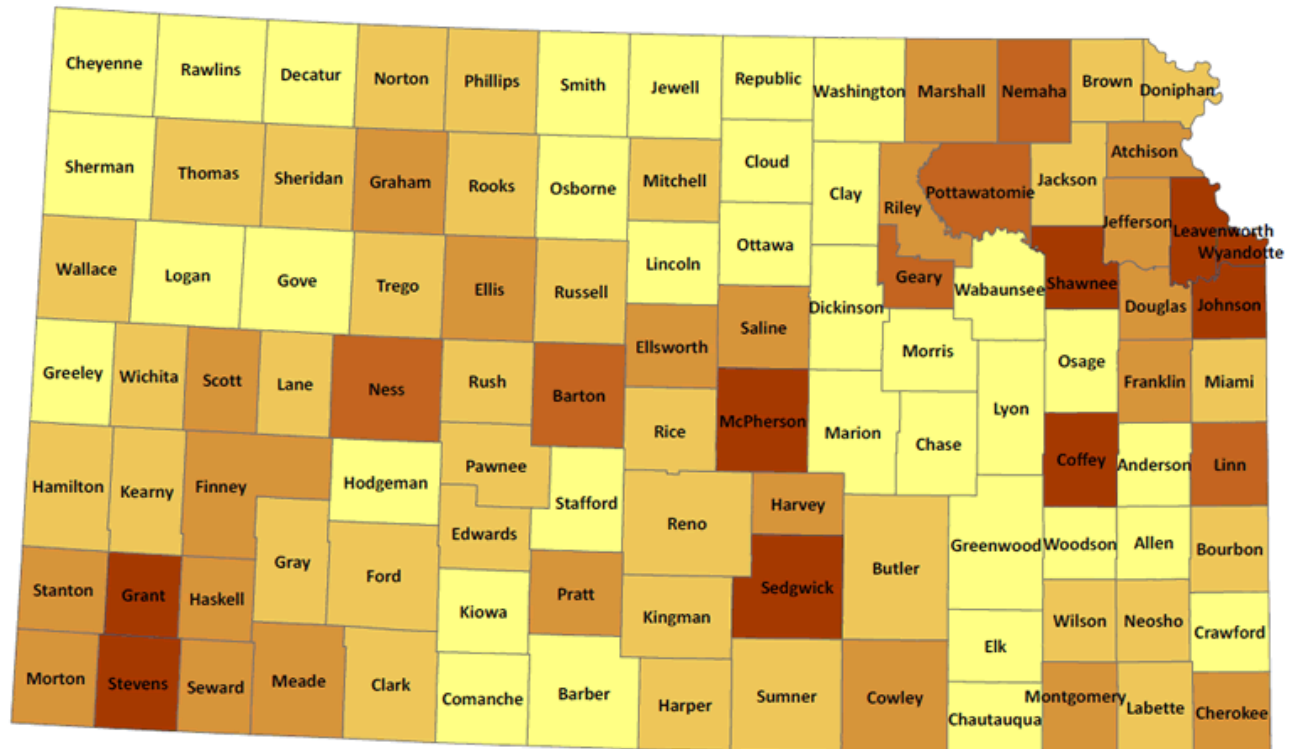
<sup>(1)</sup> Average weekly wages were calculated using unrounded data.

<sup>(2)</sup> Totals for the United States do not include data for Puerto Rico or the Virgin Islands.

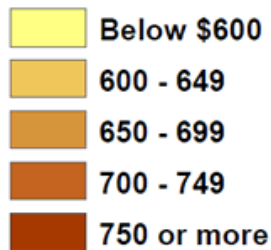
<sup>(3)</sup> Data not included in the national ranking.

NOTE: Data are preliminary. Covered employment and wages includes workers covered by Unemployment Insurance (UI) and Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) programs.

Chart 1. Average weekly wages for counties in Kansas, second quarter 2014



Average weekly wages  
(U.S. average = \$940)



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.